Dr. Marek Stajgis says Polish radiologists are on duty for 24 hours in the emergency department, but they don't have a dedicated emergency team at his hospital.

*European Society of Radiology*: Could you please describe the role of the radiologist in a typical emergency department in your country?

*Marek Stajgis*: If there is such a thing in a Polish hospital, the radiologist is a member of the emergency team. If not, radiologists work in cooperation with emergency room staff and participate in the diagnostic decision process.

*ESR*: What does a typical day in the emergency department look like for a radiologist?

*MS*: During a typical day, radiologists in the emergency department are on duty for 24 hours. They deal with all diagnostic procedures, not just emergencies.

*ESR*: Teamwork is crucial in an emergency department. How is this accomplished in your department and who is involved?

*MS*: We do not have an emergency team at our hospital.

*ESR*: How satisfied are you with the workflow and your role in your department? How do you think it could be improved?

*MS*: I am quite satisfied with our workflow. I believe an emergency team should be established, but that is a decision of the university administrators.

*ESR*: Which modalities are used for different emergencies? Could you please give an overview sorted by modalities?

*MS*: For simple fractures, we use x-rays; For multitrauma patients, we use whole body CT; for neurological trauma, MR often is involved.

*ESR*: Is teleradiology an issue in emergency radiology? If yes, how so, and how often is it used?

*MS*: In my opinion, no. Radiologists must be on site, where trauma patients are admitted to the hospital.

*ESR*: Are emergency radiologists active anywhere other than emergency departments? Do they have other non-emergency roles, or other emergency roles in other departments?

*MS*: In Poland, all radiologists who are on duty in the emergency department are general radiologists. They also work in the general radiology department, so they are involved in any diagnostic procedure.

*ESR*: Do you have direct contact with patients and if yes, what does it entail?

*MS*: We do not have direct contact with patients often. We do only when there is a question of additional examinations.
**ESR:** How are radiologists in your country trained in emergency radiology? Is emergency radiology a recognised specialty in your country?

**MS:** Emergency radiology is not recognised as a specialty. It is a part of general radiological training, which lasts five years.

**Dr. hab. Marek Stajgis** is a general radiologist and head of the radiology department at Poznan University of Medical Sciences in Poznan, Poland. He trained in Alicante, Spain, with the Poznan University of Medical Sciences in general radiology. Marek Stajgis is an active speaker in Poland and for different European courses, including GALEN Courses of the European School of Radiology (ESOR). He is a member of the Programme Planning Committee for ECR 2010 and 2016–2018. He is the author of 58 papers, published in Polish and European journals. Since 2013, he has been vice president of the Polish Medical Society of Radiology (PLTR). His areas of interest are emergency radiology, as well as abdominal and endocrine radiology.